



Phospho-ATP citrate lyase (Thr447/Ser451) Rabbit pAb

db8509 Package : 20μL 50μL 100μL

Product Name: Phospho-ATP citrate lyase (Thr447/Ser451) Rabbit pAb

Cat.No.: db8509

Synonyms: ACL; ATPCL; CLATP

Application: WB, ICC/IF, IP

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Host species: Rabbit

Background ATP citrate lyase is the primary enzyme responsible for the synthesis of cytosolic acetyl-CoA in

many tissues. The enzyme is a tetramer (relative molecular weight approximately 440,000) of apparently identical subunits. It catalyzes the formation of acetyl-CoA and oxaloacetate from citrate and CoA with a concomitant hydrolysis of ATP to ADP and phosphate. The product, acetyl-CoA, serves several important biosynthetic pathways, including lipogenesis and cholesterogenesis. In nervous tissue, ATP citrate-lyase may be involved in the biosynthesis of acetylcholine. Multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene. [provided by

RefSeq, Dec 2014]

Immunogen A synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Thr447/Ser451 of human ATP

citrate lyase

Gene ID 47

Swiss Prot P53396

Synonyms ACL; ATPCL; CLATP

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Application WB, ICC/IF, IP

Recommended dilution WB: 1:1000

ICC/IF: 1:50

IP: 1:20

Calculated MW 121 kDa

Observed MW 121 kDa

Host species Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG



For Research Use Only **Product Datasheet**

Purity Affinity Purification

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Storage Stability Store at -20°C. Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% sodium

azide and 0.05% BSA. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.