

**Acetyl-NF-kB p65 (Lys314/Lys315) (6D6) Mouse mAb**

db6590

Package : 50μL 100μL

**Product Name** : Acetyl-NF-kB p65 (Lys314/Lys315) (6D6) Mouse mAb**Cat.No.:** db6590**Synonyms** : NFKB3; RELA; TF65; Transcription factor p65; p65; NFkB**Application** : IHC-P**Reactivity** : Human, Rat, Mouse**Host species** : Mouse**Background**

NF-kappa-B is a pleiotropic transcription factor present in almost all cell types and is the endpoint of a series of signal transduction events that are initiated by a vast array of stimuli related to many biological processes such as inflammation, immunity, differentiation, cell growth, tumorigenesis and apoptosis. NF-kappa-B is a homo- or heterodimeric complex formed by the Rel-like domain-containing proteins RELA/p65, RELB, NFKB1/p105, NFKB1/p50, REL and NFKB2/p52 and the heterodimeric p65-p50 complex appears to be most abundant one. The dimers bind at kappa-B sites in the DNA of their target genes and the individual dimers have distinct preferences for different kappa-B sites that they can bind with distinguishable affinity and specificity. Different dimer combinations act as transcriptional activators or repressors, respectively. NF-kappa-B is controlled by various mechanisms of post-translational modification and subcellular compartmentalization as well as by interactions with other cofactors or corepressors. NF-kappa-B complexes are held in the cytoplasm in an inactive state complexed with members of the NF-kappa-B inhibitor (I-kappa-B) family. In a conventional activation pathway, I-kappa-B is phosphorylated by I-kappa-B kinases (IKKs) in response to different activators, subsequently degraded thus liberating the active NF-kappa-B complex which translocates to the nucleus. NF-kappa-B heterodimeric p65-p50 and p65-c-Rel complexes are transcriptional activators. The NF-kappa-B p65-p65 complex appears to be involved in invasion-mediated activation of IL-8 expression. The inhibitory effect of I-kappa-B upon NF-kappa-B in the cytoplasm is exerted primarily through the interaction with p65. p65 shows a weak DNA-binding site which could contribute directly to DNA binding in the NF-kappa-B complex. Associates with chromatin at the NF-kappa-B promoter region via association with DDX1. Essential for cytokine gene expression in T-cells (PubMed/15790681).

**Immunogen**

Synthetic peptide conjugated to KLH

**Gene ID**

5970

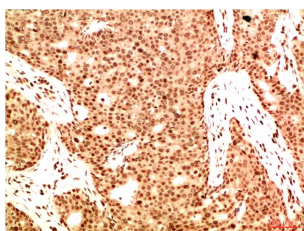
**Swiss Prot**

Q04206

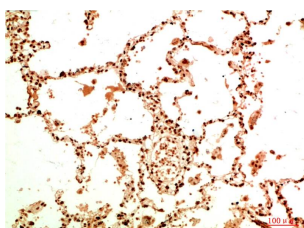
**Synonyms**

NFKB3; RELA; TF65; Transcription factor p65; p65; NFkB

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|----------------------|--|
| Reactivity           | Human, Rat, Mouse  |
| Application          | IHC-P  |
| Recommended dilution | IHC: 1:50-1:100  |
| Calculated MW        | 65 kDa   |
| Host species         | Mouse  |
| Clonality            | Monoclonal   |
| Clonality No.        | 6D6-4F5-10H4   |
| Isotype              | IgG1   |
| Purity               | Affinity Purification  |
| Conjugation          | Un-conjugated  |
| Storage Stability    | Store at -20°C. Supplied in PBS, 50% Glycerol(pH 7.3), 0.02% sodium azide and 0.5% BSA .<br>Stable for 12 months from date of receipt. |



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Breast Carcinoma Tissue using Acetyl-NF-KB p65 (Lys314/Lys315) (6D6) antibody. High-pressure and temperature Sodium Citrate pH 6.0 was used for antigen retrieval.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human tonsils using Acetyl-NF-KB p65 (Lys314/Lys315) (6D6) antibody. High-pressure and temperature Sodium Citrate pH 6.0 was used for antigen retrieval.