

Recombinant

DGRmAb®

ABAT (DGR13445) Rabbit mAb

db12293

Package : 10µL 20µL 50µL 100µL

Product Name : ABAT (DGR13445) Rabbit mAb**Cat.No.:** db12293**Synonyms** : GABAT; NPD009; GABA-AT**Application** : WB, IHC-P, IP**Reactivity** : Human,Mouse,Rat**Host species** : Rabbit**Background**

4-aminobutyrate aminotransferase (ABAT) is responsible for catabolism of gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA), an important, mostly inhibitory neurotransmitter in the central nervous system, into succinic semialdehyde. The active enzyme is a homodimer of 50-kD subunits complexed to pyridoxal-5-phosphate. The protein sequence is over 95% similar to the pig protein. GABA is estimated to be present in nearly one-third of human synapses. ABAT in liver and brain is controlled by 2 codominant alleles with a frequency in a Caucasian population of 0.56 and 0.44. The ABAT deficiency phenotype includes psychomotor retardation, hypotonia, hyperreflexia, lethargy, refractory seizures, and EEG abnormalities. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein isoform have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide of human ABAT

Gene ID

18

Swiss Prot

P80404

Synonyms

GABAT; NPD009; GABA-AT

Reactivity

Human,Mouse,Rat

Application

WB, IHC-P, IP

Recommended dilutionWB: 1:2000-1:20000
IHC-P: 1:200-1:1000
IP: 1:10-1:100**Calculated MW**

56 kDa

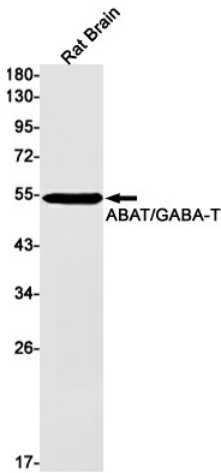
Observed MW

56 kDa

Host species

Rabbit

Clonality	Monoclonal
Clonality No.	DGR13445
Isotype	IgG
Purity	Affinity Purification
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Storage Stability	Store at -20°C. Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.



Western blot detection of ABAT/GABA-T in Rat Brain lysates using ABAT/GABA-T antibody(1:1000 diluted).