

Recombinant

DGRmAb®

ATP6V0D1 (DGR35892) Rabbit mAb

db16599

Package : 10µL 20µL 50µL 100µL

Product Name : ATP6V0D1 (DGR35892) Rabbit mAb**Cat.No.:** db16599**Synonyms** : P39; VATX; VMA6; ATP6D; ATP6DV; VPATPD**Application** : WB, IHC-P, ICC/IF, FC, IP**Reactivity** : Human, Mouse, Rat**Host species** : Rabbit**Background**

This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c'', and d. Additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This encoded protein is known as the D subunit and is found ubiquitously. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Immunogen

Recombinant protein of human ATP6V0D1

Gene ID

9114

Swiss Prot

P61421

Synonyms

P39; VATX; VMA6; ATP6D; ATP6DV; VPATPD

Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat

Application

WB, IHC-P, ICC/IF, FC, IP

Recommended dilutionWB: 1:1000
IHC-P: 1:200
ICC/IF: 1:200-1:500
FC: 1:200-1:1000
IP: 1:50**Calculated MW**

40 kDa

Observed MW

40 kDa

Host species	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clonality No.	DGR35892
Isotype	IgG
Purity	Affinity Purification
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Storage Stability	Store at -20°C. Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.