



Recombinant

DGRmAb<sup>®</sup>

## ALAD (DGR35218) Rabbit mAb (PBS Only)

db12431-PBS Package : 100μg

Product Name: ALAD (DGR35218) Rabbit mAb (PBS Only)

Cat.No.: db12431-PBS
Synonyms: PBGS; ALADH
Application: WB, IHC-P
Reactivity: Human

Host species: Rabbit

**Background** The ALAD enzyme is composed of 8 identical subunits and catalyzes the condensation of 2

molecules of delta-aminolevulinate to form porphobilinogen (a precursor of heme, cytochromes and other hemoproteins). ALAD catalyzes the second step in the porphyrin and heme biosynthetic pathway; zinc is essential for enzymatic activity. ALAD enzymatic activity is inhibited by lead and a defect in the ALAD structural gene can cause increased sensitivity to lead poisoning and acute hepatic porphyria. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants encoding

different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2015]

Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human ALAD

Gene ID 210

Swiss Prot P13716

Synonyms PBGS; ALADH

Reactivity Human

**Application** WB, IHC-P

Recommended dilution WB: 1:1000-1:5000

IHC-P: 1:50-1:500

Calculated MW 36 kDa

Observed MW 36 kDa

Host species Rabbit

**Clonality** Monoclonal

Clonality No. DGR35218

**Isotype** IgG



## For Research Use Only **Product Datasheet**

**Purity** Affinity Purification

**Conjugation** Un-conjugated

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Formulation PBS Only

Storage Stability Store at -20°C. Recommended to aliquot into single-use vials. Supplied in 1X PBS (pH 7.4). BSA

and Azide Free. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Human fetal liver
kDa
250 150 100 75 50 37 -

20 -

Western blot analysis of extracts from Human fetal liver tissue using db12431