

Recombinant

DGRmAb®

**PPAR alpha (DGR11862) Rabbit mAb (PBS Only)**

db16114-PBS

Package : 10µg 100µg

**Product Name** : PPAR alpha (DGR11862) Rabbit mAb (PBS Only)**Cat.No.:** db16114-PBS**Synonyms** : PPAR; NR1C1; hPPAR; PPARalpha; PPAR-alpha**Application** : WB**Reactivity** : Human,Mouse,Rat**Host species** : Rabbit**Background**

Peroxisome proliferators include hypolipidemic drugs, herbicides, leukotriene antagonists, and plasticizers; this term arises because they induce an increase in the size and number of peroxisomes. Peroxisomes are subcellular organelles found in plants and animals that contain enzymes for respiration and for cholesterol and lipid metabolism. The action of peroxisome proliferators is thought to be mediated via specific receptors, called PPARs, which belong to the steroid hormone receptor superfamily. PPARs affect the expression of target genes involved in cell proliferation, cell differentiation and in immune and inflammation responses. Three closely related subtypes (alpha, beta/delta, and gamma) have been identified. This gene encodes the subtype PPAR-alpha, which is a nuclear transcription factor. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described for this gene, although the full-length nature of only two has been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Immunogen**

Recombinant protein of human PPAR alpha

**Gene ID**

5465

**Swiss Prot**

Q07869

**Synonyms**

PPAR; NR1C1; hPPAR; PPARalpha; PPAR-alpha

**Reactivity**

Human,Mouse,Rat

**Application**

WB

**Calculated MW**

52 kDa

**Observed MW**

52 kDa

**Host species**

Rabbit

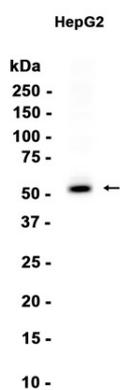
**Clonality**

Monoclonal

**Clonality No.**

DGR11862

<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Purity</b>	Affinity Purification
<b>Conjugation</b>	Un-conjugated
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/mL
<b>Formulation</b>	PBS Only
<b>Storage Stability</b>	Store at -20°C. Recommended to aliquot into single-use vials. Supplied in 1X PBS (pH 7.4). BSA and Azide Free. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.



Western blot analysis of extracts from HepG2 cells using [db16114](#) at 1:1000.