



IL-7 Rabbit pAb

db8847 Package: 20μL 50μL 100μL

Product Name: IL-7 Rabbit pAb

Cat.No.: db8847

Synonyms: IL-7

Application: WB

Reactivity: Human

Host species: Rabbit

Background

Immunogen

The protein encoded by this gene is a cytokine important for B and T cell development. This cytokine and the hepatocyte growth factor (HGF) form a heterodimer that functions as a pre-pro-B cell growth-stimulating factor. This cytokine is found to be a cofactor for V(D)J rearrangement of the T cell receptor beta (TCRB) during early T cell development. This cytokine can be produced locally by intestinal epithelial and epithelial goblet cells, and may serve as a regulatory factor for intestinal mucosal lymphocytes. Knockout studies in mice suggested that this cytokine plays an essential role in lymphoid cell survival. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. Additional splice variants have been described but their presence in normal tissues has not been confirmed. Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) infection can be a potent inducer of proinflammatory cytokines and chemokines which may defend against the infection, but may also mediate destructive lung injury. Elevated serum IL-7 levels, together with several other circulating cytokines and chemokines, has been found to be associated with the severity of Coronavirus Disease 19 (COVID-19). [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2020]

A synthetic peptide of human IL-7

Gene ID 3574

Swiss Prot P13232

Reactivity Human

Application WB

Recommended dilution WB: 1:1000-1:5000

Calculated MW 20 kDa

Observed MW 20 kDa

Host species Rabbit



For Research Use Only **Product Datasheet**

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Purity Affinity Purification

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Storage Stability Store at -20°C. Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% sodium

azide and 0.05% BSA. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.