



## Pyruvate Dehydrogenase E1-alpha subunit Rabbit pAb

db2984 Package: 20μL 50μL 100μL

Product Name: Pyruvate Dehydrogenase E1-alpha subunit Rabbit pAb

Cat.No.: db2984

Synonyms: PDHA; PDHAD; PHE1A; PDHCE1A

**Application :** WB, IHC, ICC/IF, FC, IP **Reactivity :** Human, Mouse, Rat

Host species: Rabbit

Background The pyruvate dehydrogenase (PDH) complex is a nuclear-encoded mitochondrial multienzyme

complex that catalyzes the overall conversion of pyruvate to acetyl-CoA and CO(2), and provides the primary link between glycolysis and the tricarboxylic acid (TCA) cycle. The PDH complex is composed of multiple copies of three enzymatic components: pyruvate dehydrogenase (E1), dihydrolipoamide acetyltransferase (E2) and lipoamide dehydrogenase (E3). The E1 enzyme is a heterotetramer of two alpha and two beta subunits. This gene encodes the E1 alpha 1 subunit containing the E1 active site, and plays a key role in the function of the PDH complex. Mutations in this gene are associated with pyruvate dehydrogenase E1-alpha deficiency and X-linked Leigh syndrome. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for

this gene.[provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010]

Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human Pyruvate Dehydrogenase E1-alpha subunit

**Gene ID** 5160

Swiss Prot P08559

Synonyms PDHA; PDHAD; PHE1A; PDHCE1A

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

**Application** WB, IHC, ICC/IF, FC, IP

Recommended dilution WB: 1:1000-1:2000

IHC: 1:20-1:100 ICC/IF: 1:20-1:100

FC: 1:20 IP: 1:20-1:50

Calculated MW 43 kDa

Observed MW 43 kDa

Host species Rabbit



## For Research Use Only **Product Datasheet**

**Clonality** Polyclonal

**Isotype** IgG

**Purity** Affinity Purification

**Conjugation** Un-conjugated

Storage Stability Store at -20°C. Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% sodium

azide and 0.05% BSA. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.